1257, Rapid City, SD 57709–1257; telephone; (605) 394–1936, before October 29, 1999. Repatriation of the human remains to Sophia Few Tails Lone Hill, on behalf of herself and her brothers Loneard Few Tails and Louis Few Tails, and her daughter, Donette Lone Hill may begin after that date if no additional claimants come forward.

Dated: September 24, 1999.

### Francis P. McManamon,

Departmental Consulting Archeologist, Manager, Archeology and Ethnography Program.

[FR Doc. 99–25369 Filed 9–28–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–70–M

## **DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR**

### **National Park Service**

Notice of Inventory Completion for Native American Human Remains and Associated Funerary Objects in the Possession of the Sydney L. Wright Museum, Jamestown, RI

**AGENCY:** National Park Service, Interior. **ACTION:** Notice.

Notice is hereby given in accordance with provisions of the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), 43 CFR 10.9, of the completion of an inventory of human remains and associated funerary objects in the possession of the Sydney L. Wright Museum, Jamestown, RI.

A detailed assessment of the human remains was made by Sydney L. Wright Museum professional staff in consultation with representatives of the Narragansett Indian Tribe.

During 1966-1967, human remains representing 36 individuals were excavated from the West Ferry site by Dr. William Simmons. No known individuals were identified. The 173 associated funerary objects include ceramics, glass beads, tools, cooking utensils, jewelry, thimbles, iron trade artifacts, brass plates, projectile points, powder horns, cloth fragments, and matting fragments.

Based on the associated funerary objects, these individuals have been identified as Native American. Based on manner of interment and types of associated funerary objects, the West Ferry site has been identified as a historic Narragansett burial site and ancestral Narragansett burial site. The presence of red ochre and bowls in both the historic and Archaic burials indicate continuities of tradition through time.

Based on the above mentioned information, officials of the Sydney L.

Wright Museum have determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (d)(1), the human remains listed above represent the physical remains of 36 individuals of Native American ancestry. Officials of the Sydney L. Wright Museum have also determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (d)(2), the 173 objects listed above are reasonably believed to have been placed with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony. Lastly, officials of the Sydney L. Wright Museum have determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (e), there is a relationship of shared group identity which can be reasonably traced between these Native American human remains and associated funerary objects and the Narragensett Indian Tribe.

This notice has been sent to officials of the Narragansett Indian Tribe. Representatives of any other Indian tribe that believes itself to be culturally affiliated with these human remains and associated funerary objects should contact Stephen C. Baker, Sydney L. Wright Museum, Jamestown Philomerian Library, 26 North Road, Jamestown, RI 02835-1438; telephone: (401) 423-7281, before October 29, 1999. Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects to the Narragansett Indian Tribe may begin after that date if no additional claimants come forward.

Dated: September 24, 1999.

### Francis P. McManamon,

Departmental Consulting Archeologist, Manager, Archeology and Ethnography Program.

[FR Doc. 99–25368 Filed 9–28–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–70–F

# **DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR**

# **National Park Service**

Notice of Inventory Completion for Native American Human Remains from Sarpy County, NE in the Possession of the Human Osteology Repository, Department of Anthropology, University of Wyoming, Laramie, WY

**AGENCY:** National Park Service, Interior. **ACTION:** Notice.

Notice is hereby given in accordance with provisions of the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), 43 CFR 10.9, of the completion of an inventory of human remains from Sarpy County, NE in the possession of the Human Osteology Repository, Department of

Anthropology, University of Wyoming, Laramie. WY.

A detailed assessment of the human remains was made by Human Osteology Repository professional staff in consultation with representatives of the Pawnee Indian Tribe of Oklahoma.

In 1908, human remains representing two individuals were reportedly recovered from Wallace Mound (25SY67), Sarpy County, NE by person(s) unknown. In 1955, these human remains were donated to the Wyoming State Museum by Mrs. J. Hughes Eddington. In 1986, these human remains were transferred to the Human Osteology Repository. No known individuals were identified. No associated funerary objects are present.

Based on skeletal morphology and reported site location, these individuals have been identified as Native American. Based on published literature relating to the Wallace Mound site (25SY67), these individuals are most likely from the Central Plains Tradition, Nebraska Phase, c. 950-1250 A.D. Continuities of material culture and locations strongly suggest the Nebraska Phase of the Central Plains Tradition is ancestral to the present-day Pawnee Tribe of Oklahoma.

Based on the above mentioned information, officials of the University of Wyoming Department of Anthropology Human Osteology Repository have determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (d)(1), the human remains listed above represent the physical remains of two individuals of Native American ancestry. Officials of the University of Wyoming Department of Anthropology Human Osteology Repository have determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (e), there is a relationship of shared group identity which can be reasonably traced between these Native American human remains and the Pawnee Indian Tribe of Oklahoma.

This notice has been sent to officials of the Pawnee Indian Tribe of Oklahoma. Representatives of any other Indian tribe that believes itself to be culturally affiliated with these human remains should contact Rick L. Weathermon, NAGPRA Contact, University of Wyoming Department of Anthropology Human Osteology Repository, University of Wyoming, P.O. Box 3431, Laramie, WY 82071-3431; telephone: (307) 766-5136, before October 29, 1999. Repatriation of the human remains to the Pawnee Indian Tribe of Oklahoma may begin after that